

43

Description and Rating

POWER-AMPLIFIER PENTODE

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

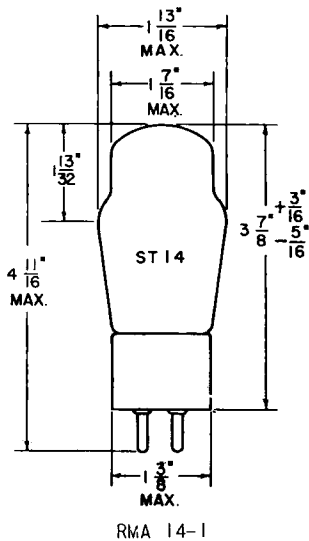
Principal Application: The 43 is a glass type power amplifier pentode designed especially for use in the output stage of a-c/d-c receivers. The 43 is iden-

tical in electrical characteristics to the type 25A6 tube.

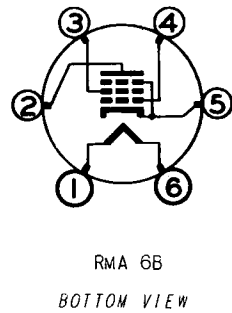
Cathode: Coated Unipotential
 Heater Voltage (A-C or D-C) 25.0 Volts
 Heater Current 0.3 Ampere

Envelope: ST-14 Glass
 Base: A6-12 Medium 6-Pin, Phenolic
 Mounting Position: Any

PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS



BASING DIAGRAM



TERMINAL CONNECTIONS

- Pin 1 - Heater
- Pin 2 - Plate
- Pin 3 - Screen
- Pin 4 - Grid
- Pin 5 - Cathode
- Pin 6 - Heater

MAXIMUM RATINGS

	Design Center	Absolute	
Plate Voltage	160	176	Volts
Screen Voltage	135	149	Volts
Plate Dissipation	5.3	5.9	Watts
Screen Dissipation	1.9	2.1	Watts

CHARACTERISTICS AND TYPICAL OPERATION

CLASS A₁ AMPLIFIER

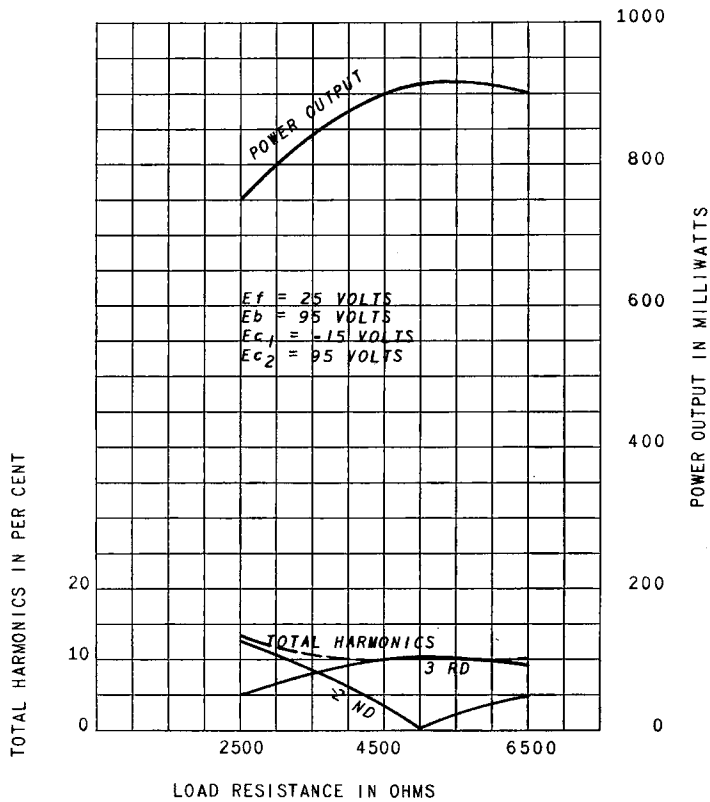
Plate Voltage	95	135	160	Volts
Screen Voltage	95	135	120	Volts
Grid Voltage*	-15	-20	-18	Volts
Peak A-F Grid Voltage	15	20	18	Volts
Zero-Signal Plate Current	20	37	33	Milliampere
Maximum-Signal Plate Current	22	39	36	Milliampere
Zero-Signal Screen Current	4	8	6.5	Milliampere
Maximum-Signal Screen Current	8	14	12	Milliampere

(Continued on page 2)

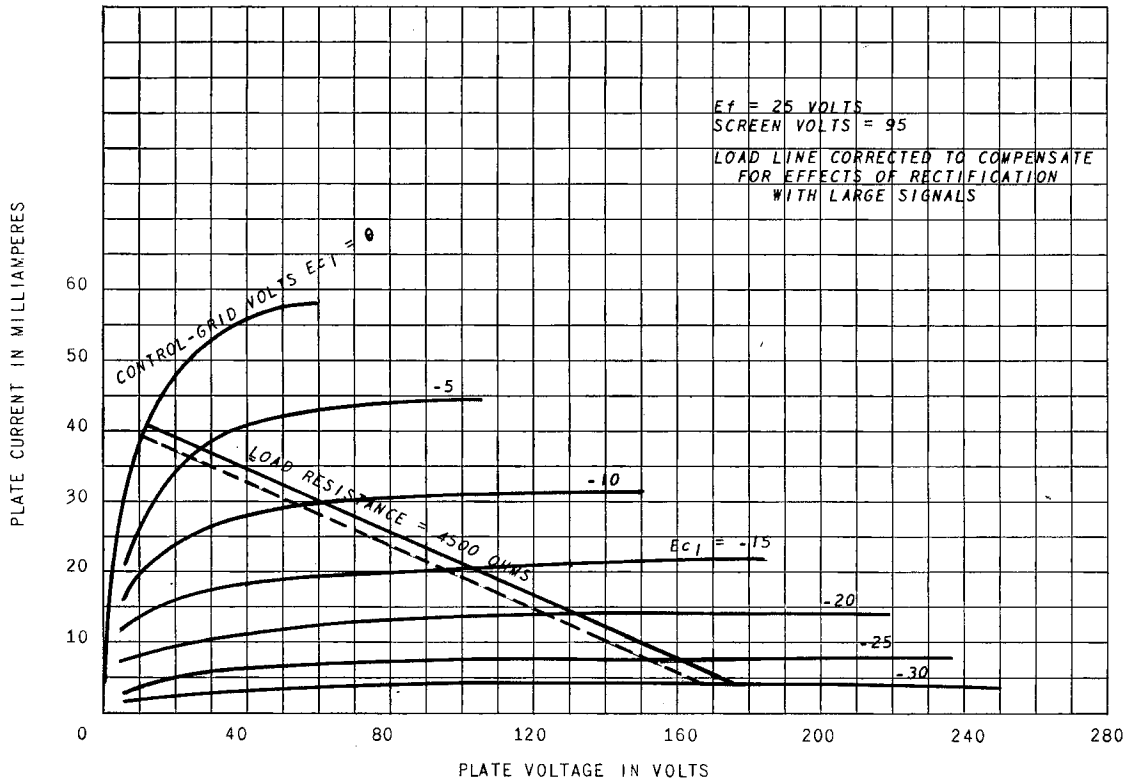
Plate Resistance	45000	35000	42000	Ohms
Transconductance	2000	2450	2375	Micromhos
Load Resistance	4500	4000	5000	Ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion	11	9	10	Per Cent
Maximum-Signal Power Output	0.9	2.0	2.2	Watts

* The d-c resistance in the grid circuit should not exceed 0.5 megohm with cathode bias. With fixed bias, the d-c resistance may be as high as 0.5 megohm for the 95 volt condition, but should be limited to 0.1 megohm for the 135 volt and 160 volt conditions.

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS



AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS



Electronics Department

GENERAL  ELECTRIC

Schenectady, N. Y.