

DESCRIPTION AND RATING

The 6EU7 is a miniature, high-mu, twin triode primarily designed for use in low-level stages of high-gain audio-frequency amplifiers. Isolation of the heater pins in the new basing employed and inherent low hum properties make use of the 6EU7 in this application advantageous.

GENERAL

ELECTRICAL

Cathode—Coated Unipotential
Heater Characteristics and Ratings

| | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|---------|
| Heater Voltage, AC or DC* | 6.3 ± 0.6 | Volts |
| Heater Current† | 0.3 | Amperes |

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances‡

| | | |
|---------------------------------------|-----|----|
| Grid to Plate, Each Section: (g to p) | 1.5 | pf |
| Input, Each Section: g to (h+k) | 1.6 | pf |
| Output, Each Section: p to (h+k) | 0.2 | pf |

MECHANICAL

Mounting Position—Any
Envelope—T-6 1/2, Glass
Base—E9-1, Small Button 9-Pin
Outline Drawing—EIA 6-2

| | | |
|-------------------------|---------|--------|
| Maximum Diameter | 7/8 | Inch |
| Maximum Over-all Length | 2 3/16 | Inches |
| Maximum Seated Height | 1 15/16 | Inches |

MAXIMUM RATINGS

DESIGN-MAXIMUM VALUES, EACH SECTION

| | | |
|--------------------------|-----|-------|
| Plate Voltage | 330 | Volts |
| Positive DC Grid Voltage | 0 | Volts |
| Negative DC Grid Voltage | 55 | Volts |
| Plate Dissipation | 1.2 | Watts |

Heater-Cathode Voltage

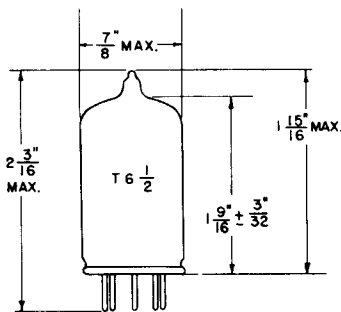
| | |
|---|-----------|
| Heater Positive with Respect to Cathode | |
| DC Component | 100 Volts |
| Total DC and Peak | 200 Volts |
| Heater Negative with Respect to Cathode | |
| Total DC and Peak | 200 Volts |

Design-Maximum ratings are limiting values of operating and environmental conditions applicable to a bogey electron tube of a specified type as defined by its published data and should not be exceeded under the worst probable conditions.

The tube manufacturer chooses these values to provide acceptable serviceability of the tube, making allowance for the effects of changes in operating conditions due to variations in the characteristics of the tube under consideration.

The equipment manufacturer should design so that initially and throughout life no design-maximum value for the intended service is exceeded with a bogey tube under the worst probable operating conditions with respect to supply-voltage variation, equipment component variation, equipment control adjustment, load variation, signal variation, environmental conditions, and variations in the characteristics of all other electron devices in the equipment.

PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS

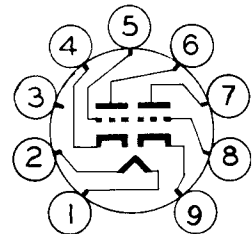


EIA 6-2

TERMINAL CONNECTIONS

- Pin 1—Heater
- Pin 2—Heater
- Pin 3—No Connection
- Pin 4—Cathode (Section 2)
- Pin 5—Grid (Section 2)
- Pin 6—Plate (Section 2)
- Pin 7—Plate (Section 1)
- Pin 8—Grid (Section 1)
- Pin 9—Cathode (Section 1)

BASING DIAGRAM



EIA 9LS

CHARACTERISTICS AND TYPICAL OPERATION

Class A₁ Amplifier, Each Section

| | | | |
|--|-------|-------|--------------|
| Plate Voltage..... | 100 | 250 | Volts |
| Grid Voltage..... | -1.0 | -2.0 | Volts |
| Amplification Factor..... | 100 | 100 | |
| Plate Resistance, approximate..... | 80000 | 62500 | Ohms |
| Transconductance..... | 1250 | 1600 | Micromhos |
| Plate Current..... | 0.5 | 1.2 | Milliamperes |
| Equivalent Noise and Hum Voltage, Each Section, Average, True RMS§ | | 1.8 | Microvolts |

* The equipment designer should design the equipment so that heater voltage is centered at the specified bogey value, with heater supply variations restricted to maintain heater voltage within the specified tolerance.

† Heater current of a bogey tube at $E_f = 6.3$ volts.

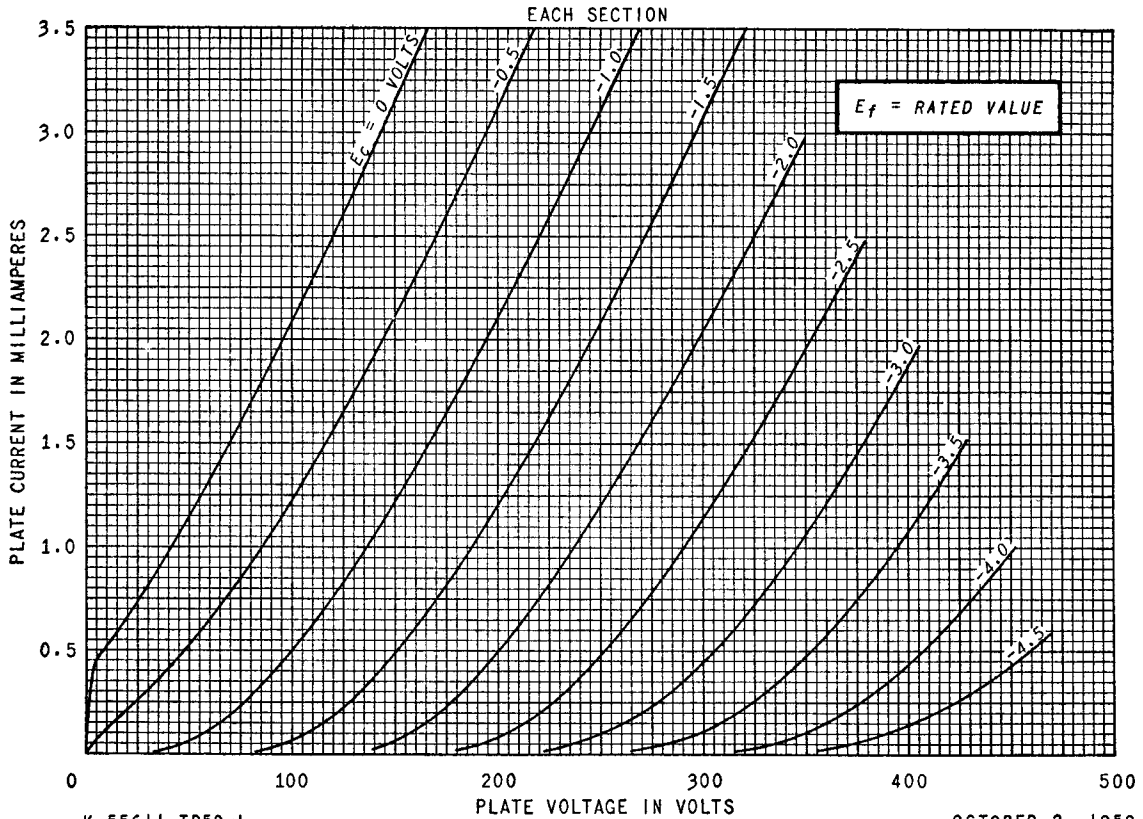
‡ Without external shield.

§ Referred to grid and measured under the following conditions: $E_f = 6.3$ volts AC, CT of heater transformer grounded; $E_{bb} = 250$ volts; $R_b = 100000$ ohms; $R_k = 2700$ ohms, bypassed by $100 \mu f$; $R_g = 0$ ohms; Amplifier frequency range = 25 to 1000 cps.

The tubes and arrangements disclosed herein may be covered by patents of General Electric Company or others. Neither the disclosure of any information herein nor the sale of tubes by General Electric Company conveys any license under patent claims covering combinations of tubes with other devices or

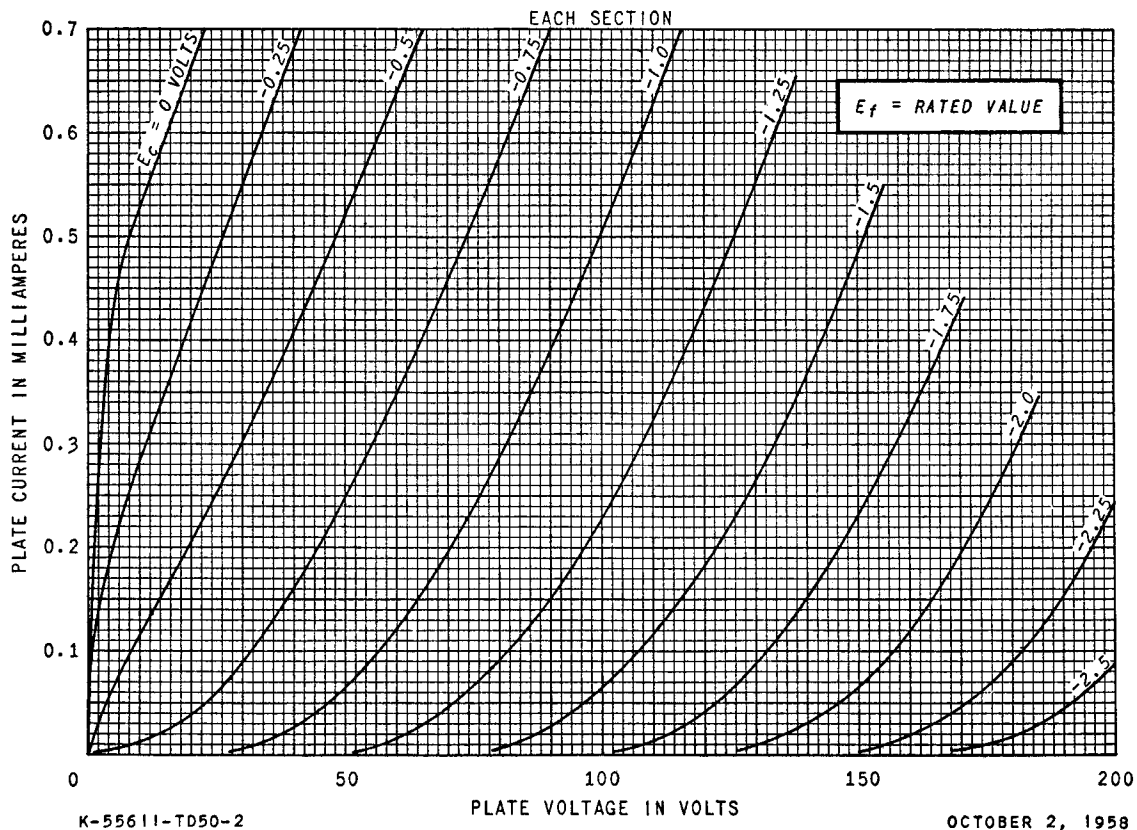
elements. In the absence of an express written agreement to the contrary, General Electric Company assumes no liability for patent infringement arising out of any use of the tubes with other devices or elements by any purchaser of tubes or others.

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS

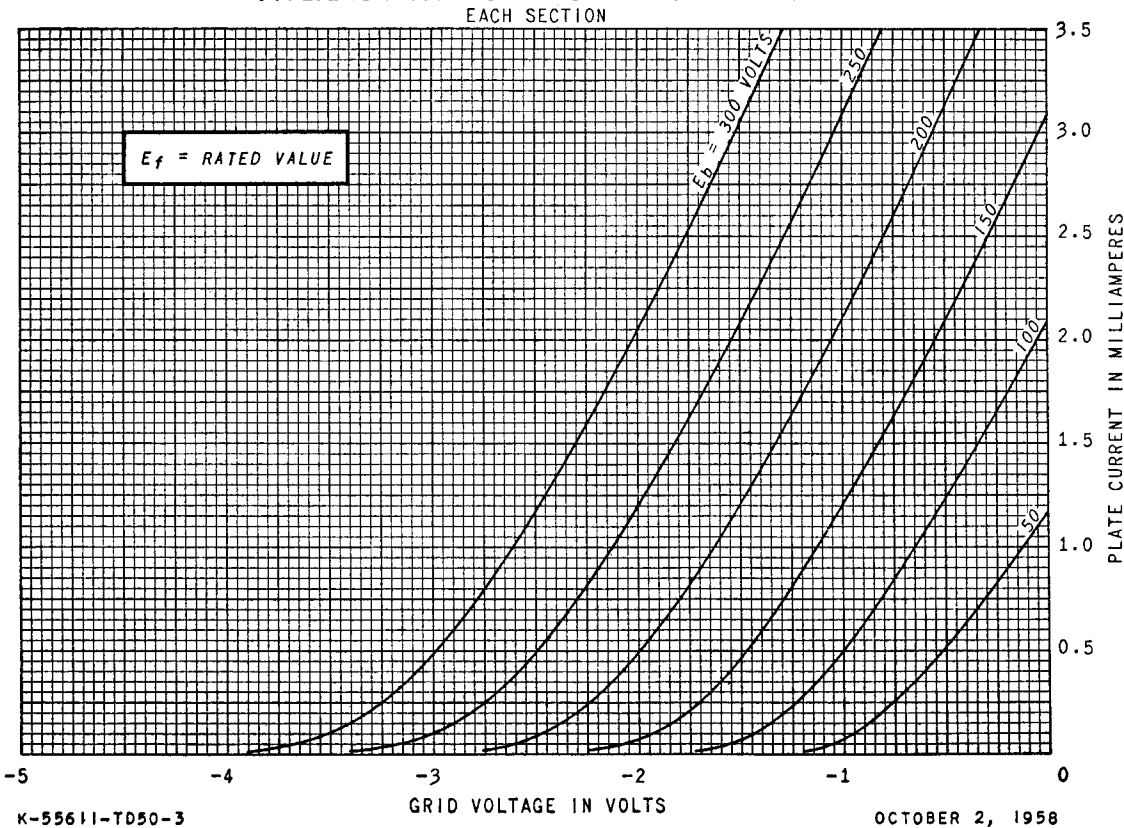


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AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS

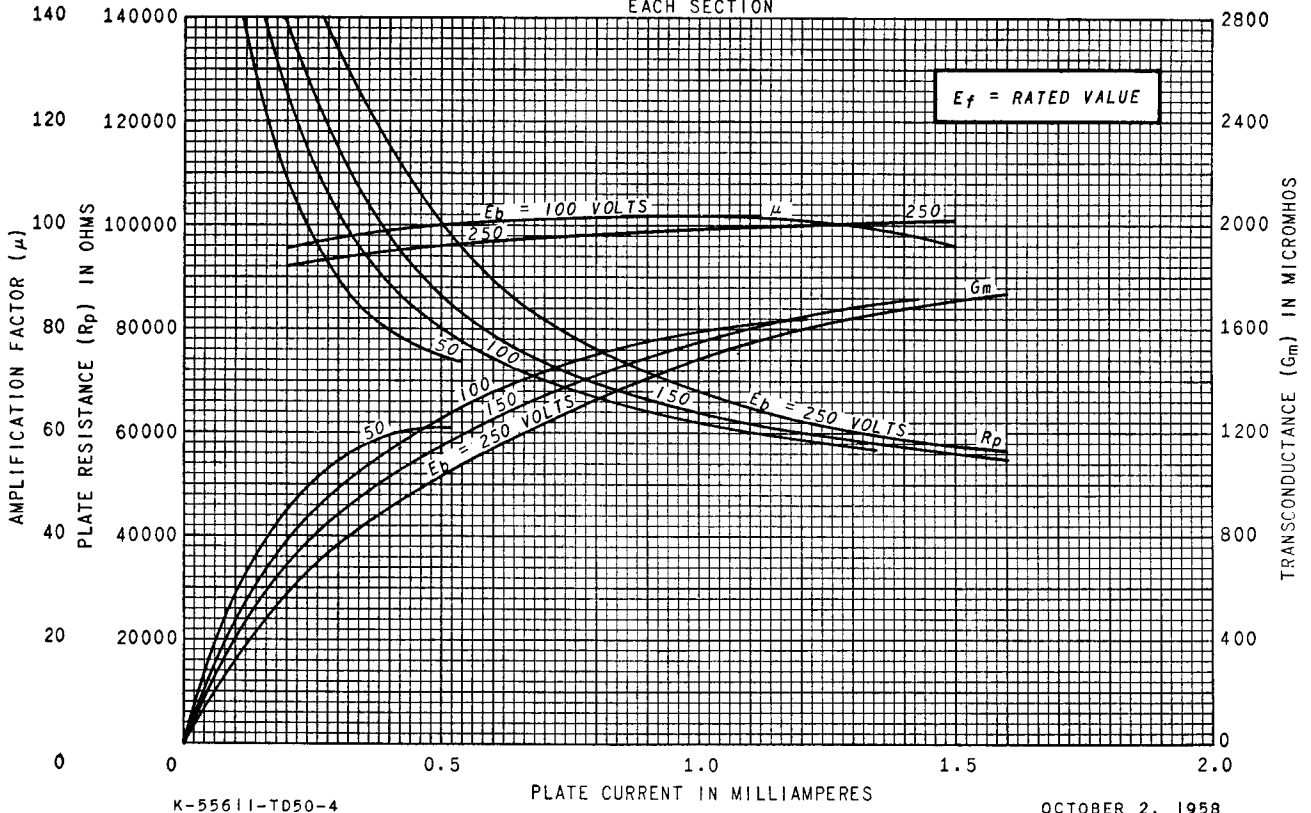


AVERAGE TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS



AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

EACH SECTION



RECEIVING TUBE DEPARTMENT

GENERAL ELECTRIC

Owensboro, Kentucky